Vertex Form
 degree. egg.
The graph of a quadratic is called a par ab. ola
Ex. \#1: Sketch the graph of the curve $y=x^{2}$ on the grid below.

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -3 | 9 |
| -2 | 4 |
| -1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 9 |



The vertex of the parabola is the lowest point of the graph (if the graph opens up), and the highest point of the graph (if the graph opens down).

The $y$-coordinate of the vertex is called the minimum the parabola opens upward or the maximum if the parabola opens downward.

The parabola is symmetric about a line called the axis of Symmetry.
_. This line divides the graph into two mirror images.

Investigating $y=x^{2}+q$
On the grid below graph the indicated curves.
$y=x^{2}$
$y=x^{2}+4$
$y=x^{2}-32$



What do you notice about the graphs? $\qquad$ In general the graph of $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{q}$ is Con gruent to the graph of $y=x^{2}$.

- If $q>0$ the graph is translated $q$ units $\qquad$
- If $\frac{q}{}(0$ the graph is translated $q$ units $\qquad$

Ex. \#2: Sketch the graph of $y=x^{2}-7$ on the grid below and answer the following questions.

Vertex: $(0,-7)$
Max or Min) Min
Axis of Symmetry: $x=0$
Domain:
Range:
$\{y \mid y \geq-7, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$


Investigating $\mathrm{y}=(\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{p})^{2}$
On the grid below graph the indicated curves.

$$
\left\{\begin{aligned}
y & =x^{2} \\
y & =(x+2)^{2} \\
y & =(x-4)^{2}
\end{aligned}\right.
$$




What do you notice about the graphs? $\qquad$
In general the graph of $y=(x-p)^{2}$ is congruent to the graph

- If $\quad \rho>0$ the graph is translated $p$ units $\qquad$ left
- If $p<Q$ the graph is translated $p$ units

$$
\text { vertex: }(4,0)
$$

$17 a x$ of $\frac{1}{n} x$
axis of
Symmetry: Domain: $\left\{x \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}x=\mathbb{R} \\ \text { Range: } \\ \text { Ra x }\end{array}\right.\right.$ $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Ex.\#3: Sketch the graph of the equation $y=(x+3)^{2}-4$ by translating the graph of $y=x^{2}$.
Vertex: $-3,-4$ )
Max or Min: : $\int$

Axis of Symmetry:


Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range: $\{y \mid y \geq-4, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$


