

## Vertex Form: Again, Again...

**Recall:** A quadratic function in vertex form can be expressed by:

$$y = a(x - p)^2 + q \rightarrow \text{up/down}$$

fat/slimy left/right  
up/down right

$$p = -3, q = -4, a = 2$$

**Ex. #1:** Graph the equation  $y = 2(x + 3)^2 - 4$  on the grid below and answer the following questions.

Vertex:  $(-3, -4)$

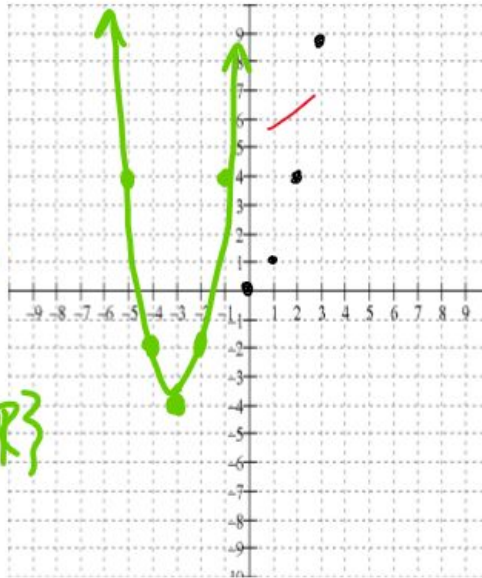
Max or Min:  $y = -4$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -3$

Domain:  $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Range:  $\{y | y \geq -4, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

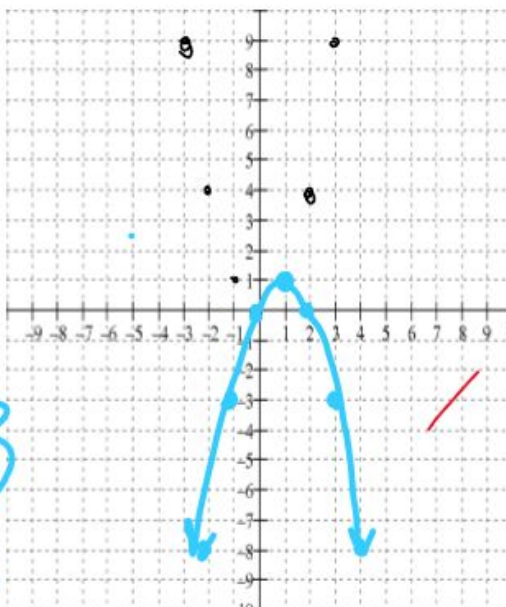
Direction of Opening: up



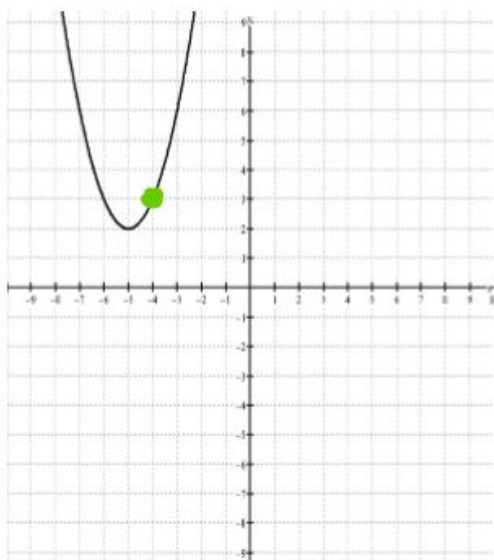
$$a = -1 \quad p = 1 \quad q = 1$$

**Ex. #2:** Graph the equation  $y = -(x - 1)^2 + 1$  on the grid below and answer the following questions.

- Vertex: (1, 1)
- Max or Min: Max
- Axis of Symmetry: x = 1
- Domain:  $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- Range:  $\{y \mid y \leq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- Direction of Opening: down



**Ex. #3:** State the equation in vertex form for the given graph.



Vertex  $(-5, 2)$   
 pt  $(-4, 3)$

$$y = a(x - p)^2 + q$$

$$y = a(x - (-5))^2 + 2$$

$$y = a(x + 5)^2 + 2$$

$$3 = a(-4 + 5)^2 + 2$$

$$3 = a + 2$$

$$3 - 2 = a$$

$$1 = a$$

$$y = (x + 5)^2 + 2$$

$$a = -2 \quad p = -6 \quad q = -11$$

**Ex. #5:** For the function  $f(x) = -2(x + 6)^2 - 11$  determine each of the following, without graphing.

Vertex:  $(-6, -11)$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -6$

Direction of Opening: down

Max or Min:  $y = -11$

Domain:  $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Range:  $\{y \mid y \leq -11, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

HW:

PG 157

# 3 b, c, d

4

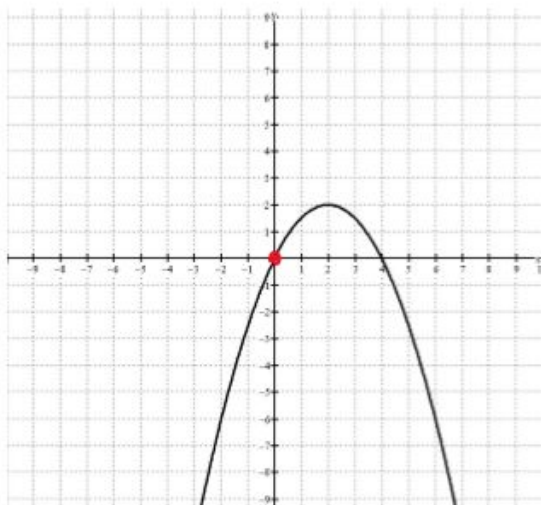
7 a, c, d

8

10

11

**Ex. #4:** State the equation in vertex form for the given graph.



Vertex (2, 2)  
pt (0, 0)

$$\text{eq}^n \rightarrow y = -\frac{(x-2)^2}{2} + 2$$



