

## 2 Dimensional conservation of momentum

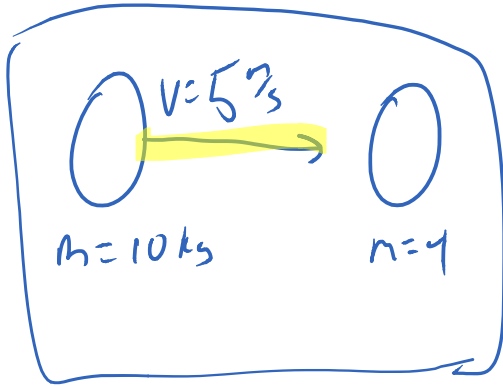
Wednesday, March 27, 2013 10:22 AM

$$\Delta p = F \cdot t = \text{impulse}$$

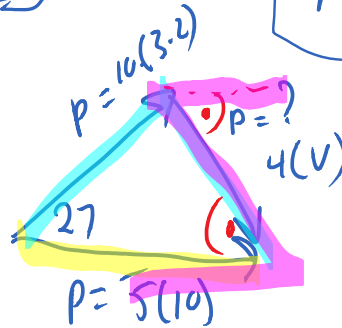
$\downarrow$   
 $mv$

The key to your success is a good vector diagram.

A cat of mass 10 kg moving east at 5.0 m/s collides with a 4.0 kg cat at rest. The 10.0 kg cat travels away with a velocity of 3.2 m/s at 27° N from E. what is the velocity of the other cat?



THEN



$$p = mv = 25.9$$

$$v = \frac{25.9}{4} = 6.48 \text{ m/s}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta$$

$$= 32^2 + 10^2 - 2(32)(10) \cos(27)$$

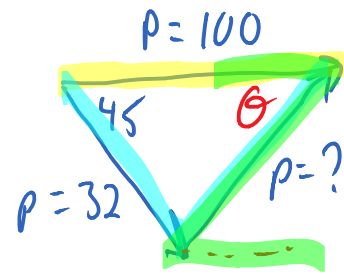
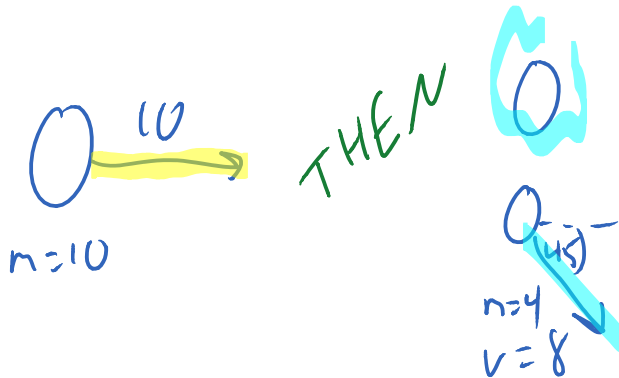
$$p = 25.9 \text{ Ns}$$

$$\theta \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{32} = \frac{\sin 27}{25.9}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left[ \frac{\sin 27 (32)}{25.9} \right]$$

$$= 34.1 \text{ S of E.}$$

A 10 kg cat runs at 10 m/s [E] toward a spike, it splits into 2 parts, a 4.0 kg mass travels at 8.0 m/s at 45° S of E what is the velocity of the other piece?



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta$$

$$= 100^2 + 32^2 - 2(100)(32) \cos(45)$$

$$= 80.6 \text{ Ns}$$

$$\theta \Rightarrow \frac{\sin 45}{80.6} = \frac{\sin \theta}{32}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left[ \frac{32 \sin 45}{80.6} \right]$$

$$= 16.3^\circ \text{ N of E.}$$

$$p = mv$$

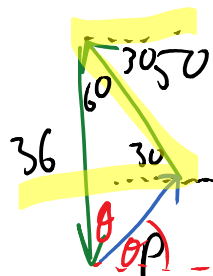
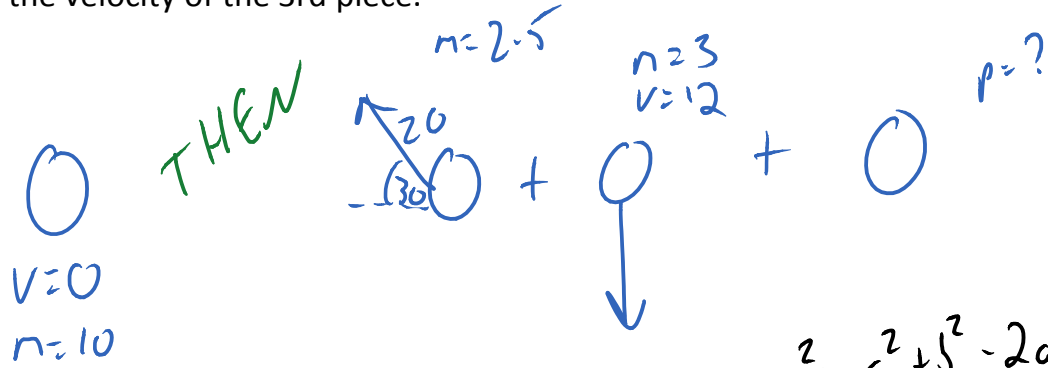
$$80.6 = 6v$$

$$\frac{80.6}{6} = v = 13.4 \text{ m/s}$$

@ 16.3° N of E.

A cat of mass 10 kg at rest is exploded into 3 pieces. A 2.5 kg piece travels off at 20 m/s at 30° N from W, a 3.0 kg mass travels due south at 12 m/s find the velocity of the 3rd piece

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$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta$$

$$= 50^2 + 36^2 - 2(50)(36) \cos 60$$

$$= 44.7 \text{ N s}$$

$$\theta \Rightarrow \frac{\sin 60}{44.7} = \frac{\sin \theta}{50}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left[ \frac{50 \sin 60}{44.7} \right]$$

$$= 75.6^\circ$$

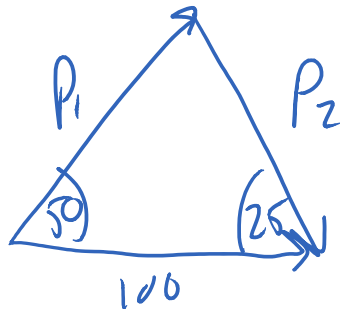
$\epsilon$  from N  
 $= 16.3 \text{ N of } \epsilon$

$p = mv$   
 $44.7 = 4.5 v$   
 $\frac{44.7}{4.5} = v = 9.9 \text{ m/s}$

You had better draw momentum vectors!  
 Re-draw in tip to tail fashion:

## COSINE LAW saves the day

A mass of a 5.0 kg is travelling due East at 20 m/s when an explosion separates it into exactly 2 pieces, a 1.5 kg mass travels at 50° N of E and the other mass travels off at 25° from the original path. Determine the speed of each piece.



$$P_1 \Rightarrow 29.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_2 \Rightarrow 22.7 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_2 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin 50 (100)}{\sin 105} = 79.3$$

$$P_1 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin 25}{P_1} = \frac{\sin 105}{100}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{\sin 25 (100)}{\sin 105} = 43.8$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_2 &= 79.3 = m v \\ &= 3.5 v \\ v &= 22.7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_1 &= 43.8 = m v \\ &= 1.5 v \\ v &= 29.2 \end{aligned}$$