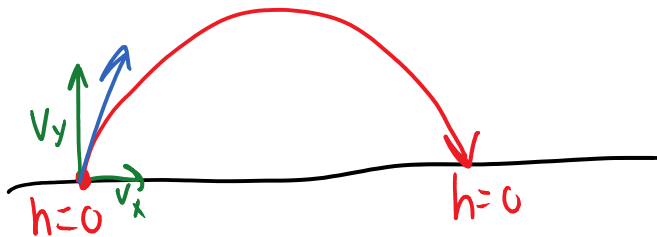
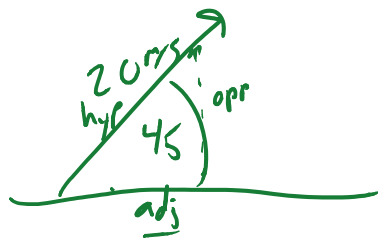


The Catapult and Trebuchet

Type I projectiles; we launched things starting out (ie: only an initial x-component). Now we can kick and launch a little more realistically! X and y will have starting velocities.



We use the same formulas and method to solve. We just have one pre-step. We need to take our initial velocity and break it into its 2 components (x,y components)



$$V_{ox} = 20 \cos(45)$$

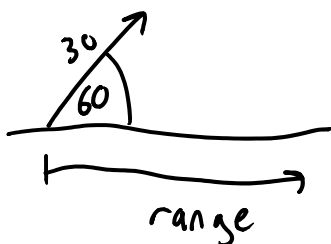
$$V_{oy} = 20 \sin(45)$$

Gurk kicks soccer ball at 30m/s at an angle of 60° from the horizontal.

- 1) Find x,y components.
- 2) Find **hang time** (total time in air)
- 3) Find the **range** (distance travelled)

$$1) \quad V_x = 30 \cos(60) \\ = 15 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_y = 30 \sin(60) \\ = 26.0 \text{ m/s}$$



$$2) \quad d_y = V_{oy}t + \frac{at^2}{2} \\ 0 = 26t - 4.9t^2 \\ 0 = t(26 - 4.9t) \\ 0 = 26 - 4.9t \\ -26 = -4.9t \\ \frac{-26}{-4.9} = t = 5.3 \text{ s.}$$

$$V_f^2 = V_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$(5 + 10)$$

$$\underline{\underline{5(1+2)}}$$

...

$$\frac{-26}{-4.9} = t = 5.3 \text{ s.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \quad d &= vt \\
 &= 15(5.3) \\
 &= 79.6 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

A golf ball is struck at 45m/s at an angle of 65° above the horizontal. How far does it travel (range)?



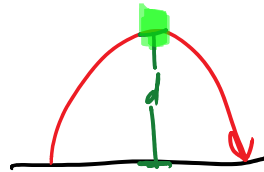
$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \quad v_x &= 45 \cos(65) \\
 &= 19 \\
 v_y &= 45 \sin(65) \\
 &= 40.8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= v_0 t + \frac{at^2}{2} \\
 0 &= 40.8t - 4.9t^2 \\
 0 &= t(40.8 - 4.9t) \\
 0 &= 40.8 - 4.9t \\
 \frac{-40.8}{-4.9} &= t = 8.33 \text{ s.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= vt \\
 &= 19(8.33) \\
 &= 158 \text{ m.}
 \end{aligned}$$

What is the highest point that it reaches?

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f^2 &= v_i^2 + 2ad \\
 0 &= 40.8^2 + 2(-9.8)d \\
 -40.8^2 &= -2(9.8)d \\
 \frac{-40.8^2}{-2(9.8)} &= d = 84.9 \text{ m.}
 \end{aligned}$$



At what time does it get there?

$$\begin{aligned}
 v &= at \\
 v_f - v_i &= at \\
 0 - 40.8 &= -9.8t \\
 \frac{-40.8}{-9.8} &= t = 4.16 \text{ s}
 \end{aligned}$$

4.16

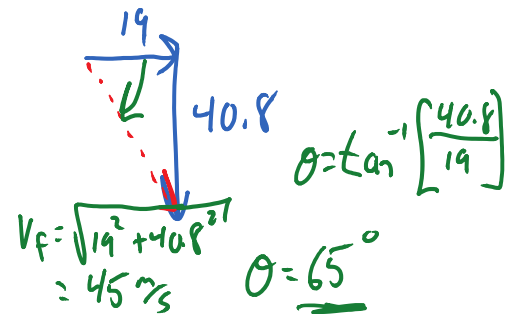
What is v_x and v_y at this point?

$\hookrightarrow 19 \hookrightarrow 0$

What is v_f ? \rightarrow at the end.



$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{fy}^2 &= v_{iy}^2 + 2a_y d \\
 &= 40.8^2 + 2(-9.8)(0) \\
 v_{fy}^2 &= 40.8^2 \\
 v_{fy} &= -40.8
 \end{aligned}$$



A catapult launches a watermelon at 25m/s at an angle of 45° from the horizontal. How far away can it hit the attacking zombie horde?



1) components

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_x &= 25 \cos(45) \\
 &= 17.7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_y &= 25 \sin(45) \\
 &= 17.7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_0 t + \frac{at^2}{2}$$

$$0 = 17.7t - 4.9t^2$$

$$0 = t(17.7 - 4.9t)$$

$$0 = 17.7 - 4.9t$$

$$\frac{-17.7}{-4.9} = t = 3.6 \text{ s}$$

$x = \text{range}$

$$d = vt$$

$$= 17.7(3.6)$$

$$= 63.7 \text{ m}$$

You try:

Alley throws a ball at 12m/s at a 50° elevation.

- A. hangtime?
- B. range?
- C. max height?

$$t=1.88s \quad d_x=14.5m \quad d_{y-\max}=4.31m$$

Alternatively; you know how far away the approaching zombie army is, and you need to set up your trebuchet to hit them.

You are given a range, you must find θ, v_0 . (many answers will work: a different answer for each valid θ .)

The zombie horde is 1km away! Your trebuchet is set to launch at 50° elevation. What should we set v_0 to be?

Same problem: The zombie horde is 1km away, our trebuchet will launch at 250m/s. What θ should we select?