## Physics 11

## Vectors Worksheet #2

- 1. What is the resultant of a pair of forces, 100N up, and 75N down?
- 2. What is the resultant of the previous forces if they both act downward?
- 3. An airplane normally flies at 200km/h in still air. What is the resultant velocity if: 501 7 + 100
  - a. It experiences a 50km/h tail wind?
  - b. It experiences a 50km/h head wind?
- 4. You walk 30m South and 30m East. Draw a diagram of this vector addition and compute the resultant.
- 5. A ship leaves its home port expecting to travel to a port 500km due South. Before it can move, a severe storm comes up and blows the ship 100km due East. How far is the ship from its destination? In what direction must it travel to get there?
- 6. A hiker leaves camp and, using a compass, walks 4km [E], 6km [S], 3km [E], 5km [N], 10km [W], 8km [N], and 3km [S]. At the end of three days, the hiker is lost. Compute how far the hiker is from camp and which direction he should take to get back to camp.
- 7. Diane rows a boat at 8.0m/s directly across a river that flows at 6.0m/s
  - a) What is the resultant speed of the boat?
  - b) If the stream is 240m wide, how long will it take to row across?
  - c) How far downstream will Diane be?
- 8. Dave rows a boat across a river at 4.0m/s. The river flows at 6.0m/s and is 260m across.
  - a. In what direction, relative to the shore, does Dave's boat go?
  - b. How long does it take Dave to cross the river?
  - c. How far downstream is Dave's landing point?
  - d. How long would it take Dave to cross the river if there were no current?
- 9. Kyle is flying a plane due North at 225km/h as a wind carries it due East at 55km/h. Find the magnitude and direction of the plane's resultant velocity.

- 10. Kym is in a boat traveling at 3.8m/s straight across a river 240m wide. The river is flowing at 1.6m/s
  - a. What is Kym's resultant velocity?
  - b. How long does it take Kym to cross the river?
  - c. How far is Kym downstream when she reaches the other side?
- 11. A weather station releases a weather balloon. The balloon's buoyancy accelerates it straight up at  $15m/s^2$ . At the same time, a wind accelerates it horizontally at  $6.5m/s^2$ . What is the magnitude and direction (with reference to the horizontal) of the resultant acceleration?
- 12. Kyle wishes to fly to a point 450km due South in 3.00h. A wind is blowing from the West at 50km/h Compute the proper heading and speed that Kyle must choose in order to reach his destination just in time.