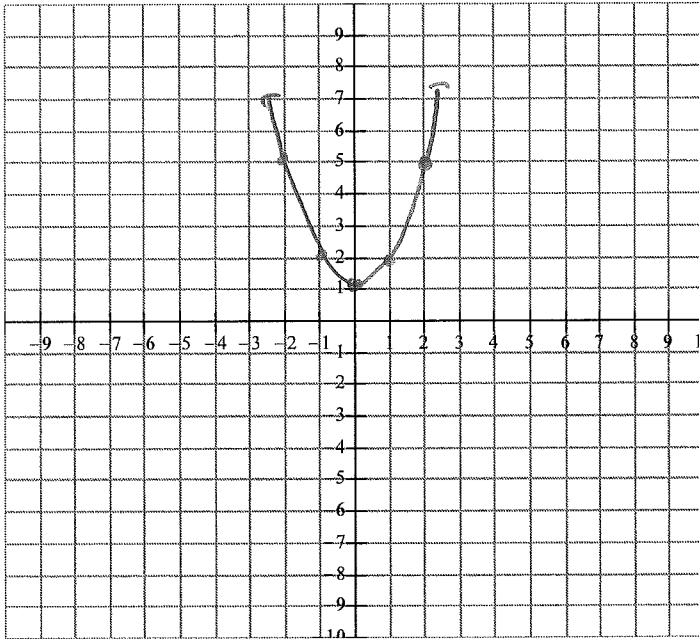


Chapter 3

Quadratic Functions Assignment

1. Graph each equation and then answer the given questions.

(a) $y = x^2 + 1$



Vertex: (0, 1)

Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$

Direction of Opening: Up

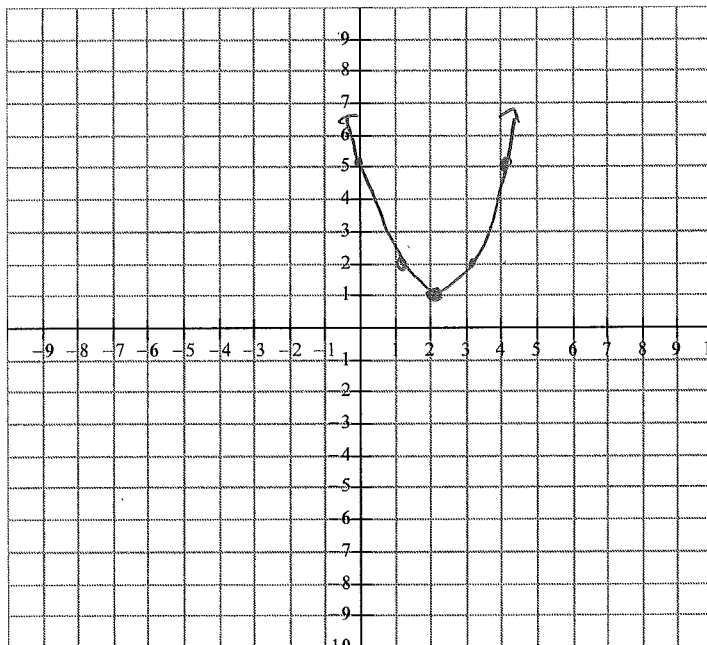
Max of (Min) $y = 1$

Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Range: $\{y \mid y \geq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Up 1

(b) $y = (x - 2)^2 + 1$



Vertex: (2, 1)

Axis of Symmetry: $x = 2$

Direction of Opening: Up

Max of (Min) $y = 1$

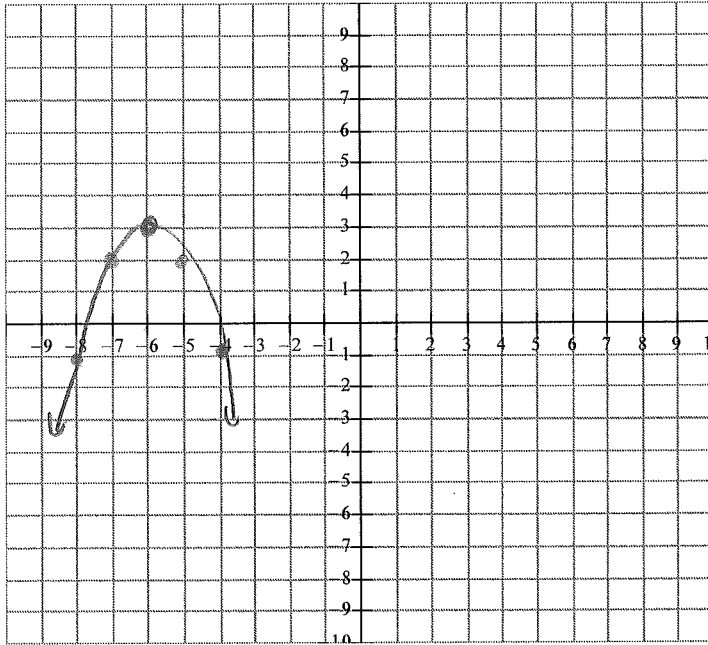
Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Range: $\{y \mid y \geq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Right 2

Up 1

(c) $y = -(x + 6)^2 + 3$



Vertex: $(-6, 3)$

Axis of Symmetry: $x = -6$

Direction of opening: Down

Max or Min: $y = 3$

Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

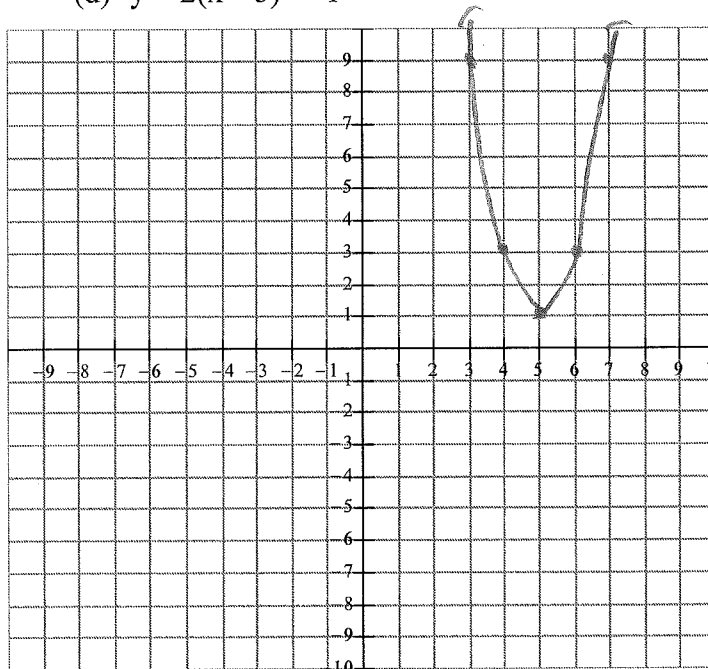
Range: $\{y \mid y \leq 3, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Opens down

Left 6

Up 3

(d) $y = 2(x - 5)^2 + 1$



Vertex: $(5, 1)$

Axis of symmetry: $x = 5$

Direction of Opening: Up

Max or (min): $y = 1$

Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Range: $\{y \mid y \geq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Vertical stretch $\times 2$

Right 5

Up 1

2. Write the equation of the quadratic in vertex form given the following.

(a) Vertex (0, 3) passing through the point (-1, 2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{p q} \\
 y &= a(x-p)^2 + q \\
 2 &= a(-1-0)^2 + 3 \\
 2 &= a(-1)^2 + 3 \\
 2 &= a + 3 \\
 -1 &= a
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= -1(x+0)^2 + 3 \\
 &= -1x^2 + 3
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Vertex (-5, -2) passing through the point (-3, 0)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{p q} \\
 y &= a(x-p)^2 + q \\
 0 &= a(-3+5)^2 - 2 \\
 0 &= a(2)^2 - 2 \\
 0 &= a(4) - 2 \\
 2 &= a(4)
 \end{aligned}$$

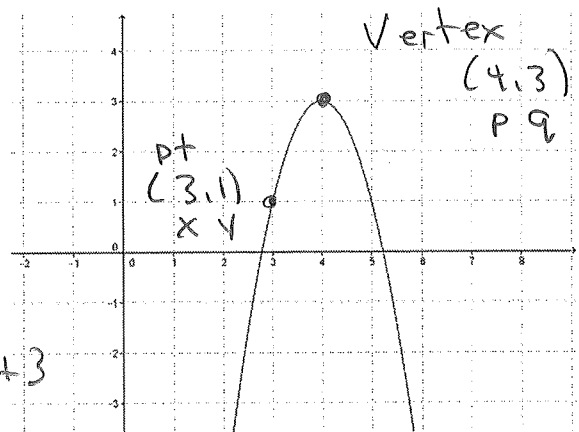
$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{2}{4} &= a \\
 \frac{1}{2} &= a
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(x+5)^2 - 2$$

(c) Given the graph

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= a(x-p)^2 + q \\
 1 &= a(3-4)^2 + 3 \\
 1 &= a(-1)^2 + 3 \\
 1 &= a + 3 \\
 -2 &= a
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -2(x-4)^2 + 3$$



3. Express each equation in vertex form. No decimals allowed.

(a) $y = (x^2 - 6x) + 8$ $\left(-\frac{6}{2}\right)^2$

$$y = (x^2 - 6x + 9 - 9) + 8$$

$$y = (x^2 - 6x + 9) - 9 + 8$$

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 1$$

$$(b) y = (2x^2 + 4x) + 7$$

$$= 2(x^2 + 2x + 1 - 1) + 7$$

$$= 2(x^2 + 2x + 1) - 2 + 7$$

$$= 2(x + 1)^2 + 5$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^2$$

$$(1)^2$$

$$1$$

$$(c) y = (-5x^2 - 6x) - 30$$

$$= -5\left(x^2 + \frac{6}{5}x + \frac{9}{25} - \frac{9}{25}\right) - 30$$

$$= -5\left(x^2 + \frac{6}{5}x + \frac{9}{25}\right) + \frac{9}{5} - 30$$

$$= -5\left(x + \frac{3}{5}\right)^2 - \frac{141}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{6}{5} \div 2\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{9}{25}$$

$$-5\left(-\frac{9}{25}\right)$$

$$\frac{45}{25}$$

$$\frac{9}{5}$$

4. State the equation of a quadratic in vertex form if the axis of symmetry is $x = -2$ and the minimum is -1 and passing through the point $(1, 2)$.

Vertex $(-2, -1)$ P $(1, 2)$

$$y = a(x - p)^2 + q$$

$$2 = a(1 + 2)^2 - 1$$

$$2 = a(3)^2 - 1$$

$$2 = a(9) - 1$$

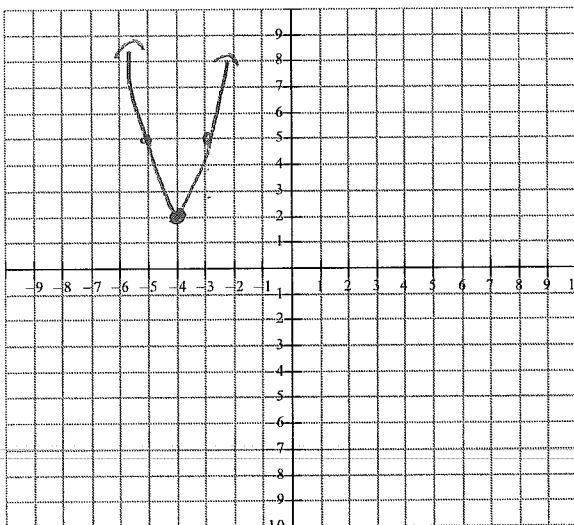
$$3 = a(9)$$

$$\frac{3}{9} = a$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = a$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}(x + 2)^2 - 1$$

5. Graph using a table of values: $y = 3x^2 + 24x + 50$



x	y
-2	14
-3	5
-4	2 ← vertex
-5	5
-6	14

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-24}{2(3)}$$

$$= \frac{-24}{6}$$

$= -4$ x-value of vertex

$$y = 3x^2 + 24x + 50$$

$$= 3(-2)^2 + 24(-2) + 50$$

$$= 14$$

6. The parabolic path of an aircraft used to simulate weightlessness can be represented by the quadratic equation: $h(t) = -10t^2 + 300t + 9750$ where $h(t)$ is the altitude of the aircraft, in meters, and t is time, in seconds, since weightlessness was achieved. Find:

a) the maximum altitude reached by the aircraft

For a quadratic,
max & min values
occur at the
vertex

$$\begin{aligned} &(-10t^2 + 300t) + 9750 && \left(\frac{-300}{2}\right)^2 \\ &-10(t^2 - 30t + 225 - 225) + 9750 && (-15)^2 \\ &-10(t^2 - 30t + 225) + 2250 + 9750 && 225 \\ &-10(t - 15)^2 + 12000 \end{aligned}$$

Vertex (15, 12000)
Max altitude is 12000m

b) the number of seconds the aircraft takes to reach its maximum altitude after weightlessness is achieved.

Vertex (15, 12000)
15 sec

c) the altitude of the aircraft when weightlessness is first achieved

$$\begin{aligned} t=0 \quad h &= -10(0)^2 + 300(0) + 9750 \\ h &= 9750 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

d) the number of seconds the simulation of weightlessness lasts if weightlessness is lost at the same altitude as it is achieved.



due to symmetry
15 + 15 = 30 seconds

7. An amusement park charges \$8 admission and averages 2000 visitors per day. A survey shows that for each \$1 increase in admission cost, 100 fewer people would visit the park.

a) Write an equation to express the revenue, $R(x)$ dollars, in terms of a price increase of x dollars.

$$R = \text{price} \times \# \text{ of tickets}$$

Let $x = \# \text{ of increases}$

$$= (8 + 1x)(2000 - 100x)$$

$$\text{price} = 8 + 1x$$

$$\# \text{ of tickets} = 2000 - 100x$$

$$= 16000 - 800x + 2000x - 100x^2$$

$$= -100x^2 + 1200x + 16000$$

$$= -100(x^2 - 12x + 36 - 36) + 16000$$

$$= -100(x^2 - 12x + 36) + 3600 + 16000$$

$$= -100(x - 6)^2 + 19600$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{12}{2}\right)^2 \\ &6^2 \\ &36 \end{aligned}$$

b) What admission cost gives the maximum revenue?

look at vertex $(6, 19600)$
 $\rightarrow 19,600$ is max revenue

c) What is the maximum revenue?

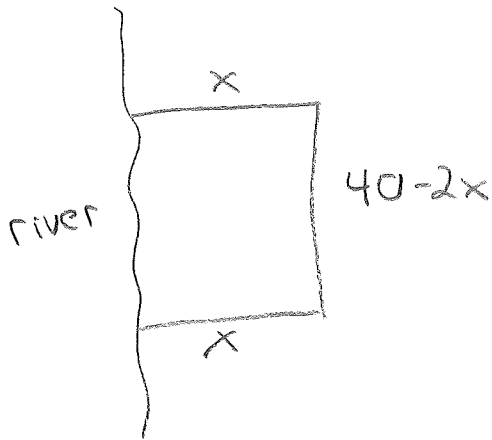
Vertex $(6, 19600)$
 $x \rightarrow$ # of price increases = 6

New price
 $\$8 + 6(\$1) = \$14$

d) How many visitors give the maximum revenue?

$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{ of tickets} &= 2000 - 100x \\ &= 2000 - 100(6) \\ &= 2000 - 600 \\ &= 1400 \text{ visitors} \end{aligned}$$

8. A rectangular field is bordered on one side by a river and the other 3 sides by 40 m of fencing. Find the dimensions of the lot and its maximum area.



$$\begin{aligned} A &= L \times w \\ &= (40-2x)x \\ &= 40x - 2x^2 \\ &= -(2x^2 + 40x) \end{aligned}$$

quadratic, need vertex for max

$$\begin{aligned} &= -2(x^2 - 20x + 100 - 100) \quad \left(\frac{-20}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= -2(x^2 - 20x + 100) + 200 \quad \frac{(-10)^2}{100} \\ &= -2(x-10)^2 + 200 \end{aligned}$$

Vertex $(10, 200)$

$x = 10$ \rightarrow max area

width = $x = 10$ m

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Length} &= 40 - 2x \\ &= 40 - 2(10) \\ &= 40 - 20 \\ &= 20 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$